

WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

1. A mixing/charging port for medical treatment comprising  
a disk-like valve having an insertion hole at the center,  
5 a seating for supporting a lower part of the periphery of the valve with  
the center of the rear surface side of the valve left unsupported, and  
a cover for restraining the valve by covering at least an upper part of  
the periphery of the valve with the center of the front surface side of the valve  
left uncovered, wherein:  
10 a fitting hole defined by an inner edge portion of the cover works as an  
anchor for anchoring an insertion member to the mixing/charging port in a  
way in which the insertion member is fitted to the fitting hole when the  
insertion member is inserted into the insertion hole; and  
a tip of a depressed part of the valve is brought into contact against an  
15 inner bottom surface of the seating when the valve is depressed by the  
insertion member.
2. The mixing/charging port for medical treatment according to claim 1,  
wherein an inner side surface of the seating is formed so as to have the same  
20 shape as the shape of the valve in a state in which the valve is depressed by  
the insertion of the insertion member.
3. The mixing/charging port for medical treatment according to claim 1,  
wherein a groove is provided in the direction of the flow through the inner  
25 part of the mixing/charging port and a bottom part of the groove is located at a  
lower level relative to the bottom surface of the seating.
4. The mixing/charging port for medical treatment according to claim 2,  
wherein a groove is provided in the direction of the flow through the inner  
30 part of the mixing/charging port and a bottom part of the groove is located at  
level to the bottom surface of the seating.
5. The mixing/charging port for medical treatment according to claim 3,  
wherein the cross-sectional shape of the groove corresponds to a shape defined  
35 by an arc and chord at an opening part of the passage.
6. The mixing/charging port for medical treatment according to claim 4,

wherein the cross-sectional shape of the groove corresponds to a shape defined by an arc and chord at an opening part of the passage.